

Presentation



- **Europa Nostra**
- > Spatial Planning, Sustainable Development, Tourism
- > Entopia Project

European Union Prize for Cultural Heritage-Europa Nostra Awards



Categories:

CONSERVATION

Outstanding achievements in the conservation, enhancement and adaptation to new uses of cultural heritage.

RESEARCH and DIGITIZATION

Outstanding research and digitization projects which lead to tangible effects in the conservation and enhancement of cultural heritage in Europe.

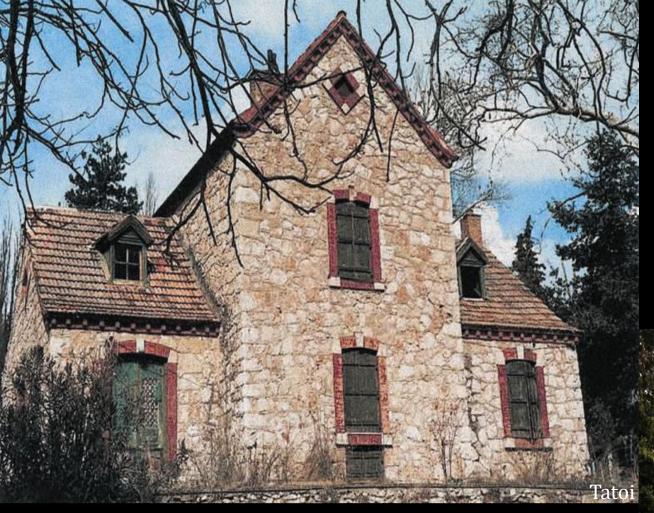
DEDICATED SERVICE by INDIVIDUALS or ORGANISATIONS

Open to individuals or organisations whose contributions over a long period of time demonstrate excellence in the protection, conservation and enhancement of cultural heritage in Europe and far exceeding normal expectations in the given context.



EDUCATION, TRAINING and AWARENESS-RAISING

Outstanding initiatives related to education, training and awareness-raising in the field of tangible and/or intangible cultural heritage, to promote and/or to contribute to the sustainable development of the environment.





- ✓ Was launched in January 2012 by Europa Nostra
- ✓ European Investment Bank Institute (founding partner) and the Council of Europe Development Bank (associated partner)
- ✓The 7 Most Endangered programme identifies endangered monuments and sites in Europe





CHARTS Project







INTERREG IVC project CHARTS Closing Conference:



Engaging Culture and Heritage for Sustainable Tourism Development

DATE!













Hosted by ECTN Presidency
EKPOL - Thessalia Region Social and
Cultural Council
September 10 - 15, 2014
Valis resort, Agria, Volos, Greece

The Conference will be combined with pre— and post-Conference study visits; will constitute a major event for Cultural Tourism in Europe with invited keynote speakers and representatives of EU institutions & international organisations, as well as insights into the future of inter-regional cooperation INTERREG EUROPE Programme 2014–2020 with topics of discussions on:

- How regions and destinations can initiate and support sustainable tourism development in Europe through engaging culture and heritage?
- What is the contribution of Cultural, Heritage and Sustainable Tourism development in tackling the economic and financial crisis?
- How Cultural, Heritage and Sustainable Tourism can contribute in the 'Experience Economy'?

During Closing Conference there will be a ceremony of the 'CHARTS Award 2014' prize for "Destination of Sustainable Cultural Tourism" and the CHARTS Charter on "Culture and Heritage Added Value to Regional Policies for Tourism Sustainability".

Please visit www.charts-interreg4c.eu for more information.

"What is the contribution of Cultural Heritage and Sustainable Tourism Development in tackling the economic and financial crisis?"

affected, Aigina, Mykonos, Santorini, Serifos, Sifnos and Syros, should be sufficient to alert you to the unsuitable development which regrettably is likely to ensue.

In view of the totally different conditions prevailing on the islands and the mainland we urge you to consider increasing the 90 square kilometers minimum where allegedly "mixed" but in fact largely tourist home/apartment development would be permitted. We suggest the minimum should be 130 square kilometers, thus protecting from economically and environmentally inappropriate development the islands of Skopelos, Ithaki, Astypalaia, Kythnos, Ios, Kalymnos and Amorgos. Water availability and other infrastructure considerations also need to be taken into account.

- 3. It is in the long-term economically damaging to press for investment that is environmentally unsustainable since such investment reduces Greece's most fundamental comparative advantage, namely its stunningly beautiful but also for geological and biological reasons incomparably varied nature, unique in Europe and the world. Various forms of mild development are rightly permitted in Natura 2000 areas but we cannot agree that tourist house/apartment projects of the type envisaged constitute "mild development". A trip around the coast of Turkey will easily persuade an impartial observer that such forms of development drastically alter the environment and should therefore not even be considered in any protected area. Turkey also has a cost advantage that Greece does not enjoy: it is therefore vital that Greece maintain its comparative advantage in the quality of visitors' experience, of nature and cultural beautign.
- 4. The rationale with which tourist house/apartment projects is insistently being promoted, namely that Greece's current need is for a higher rate of investment and economic activity, is misleading and indeed already economically discredited. We can appreciate the rationale for Keynesian policies in the large urban conglomerations, where unemployment is currently concentrated. There is no such rationale for encouraging any temporary investment boom in areas where unemployment is much lower, and which, if successful, would damage Greece's foremost comparative advantage, while, if unsuccessful, might lead to a collapse of any construction boom and possibly of the banking system, as has already occurred both in Ireland and Spain.

We attach our Irish member organisation's (An Taisce) report on the Irish building boom that led to the bankruptcy of Irish banks and the severe economic problems of Ireland as a country. Regrettably we have no similar document from Spain that is available in English, but it is common knowledge that land and house/apartment prices there are still falling after Spanish developers, supported by regional politicians, overbuilt tourist house/apartment accommodation, thus at one stroke destroying both their environment and their economy, resulting in unemployment rates higher even than those in Greece.

The above make clear that it is not wise to set economic against environmental considerations on this issue. <u>Both</u> argue against such proposals as are contained in the current Tourism and Tourism Planning Scheme regulation proposals. Also it is from this point of view irrelevant whether Spanish developers built upwards while Greeks may build sideways. The ultimate economic and environmental consequences will be very much the same.

Sustainability also has a significant social element. The disturbance to comparatively concentrated, comparatively egalitarian and comparatively viable island communities,



The Voice of Cultural Heritage

La Voix du patrimoine culturel

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ENtopia Project Objectives



What is the ENtopia Project?

Objective: Establish a pan-European Network of traditional settlements

Different areas (cities, parts of cities, islands, municipalities) may join the network whether they:

- maintain -as far as possible- authentic architectural characteristics
- maintain their customs and traditions
- ➤ have local community and local government willing to co-operate for the sustainable development of the area
- have population is less than 15.000 inhabitants

The selected areas will join the network for three years and then they will be reassessed

Until today



- ✓ ENtopia project is the newest program of Europa Nostra
- ✓ Pilot period 2012-2014
- ✓ March 2014 was held in Chios its official launch
- ✓ September 2014 will be completed the online platform ("heart" of the project)
- ✓ February 2015 will be the official opening for candidacies

ENtopia Project-Structure



- > International Organization: Europa Nostra
- ➤ **Country Representative:** ELLINIKI ETAIRIA-Society for the Environment and Cultural Heritage
- > National Committee: ENtopia Project Committee

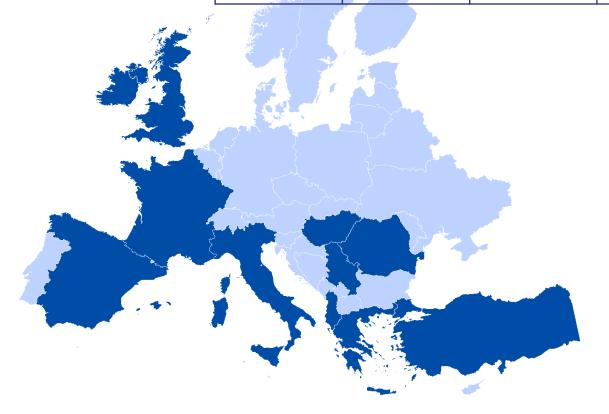
Without local municipality's active participation is impossible to achieve the objectives

Europa Nostra Project ENtopia - Our Places in Europe Small Towns and Villages Generic Chart Pilot Programme 2012-201					
Character Assessment of OurPlace	Describing Our Places A: History > from early times until now	Examining Our Places B: Present day > analysis of potential	The Vision for Our Places C: Future Vision > Sustainable Settlement:		
● Landscape	TOOLS: Landscape Character Assessment (LCA) plans,maps, Local information. Make a timeline	TOOLS: SWOT Analysis, (Strengths, Weaknesses, Oppor- tunities, Threats) Aerial maps	TOOLS: Good ideas, integrated Vision Plan for long-term sustainability		
1.1 Surrounding landscape is the context of the town / village: its landscape character	1.1A: Landscape description Routes in the landscape: Interface between landscape and built environment	1.1B: Access analysis Growing /static /declining Protection of nearby green zones. Capacity for change	1.1C: Protection, conservation, management of surrounding landscape. Development of landscape envelope		
1.2 Landscape within the town / village, if it occurs	1.2A: Description of Locally distinctive landscape within town/village: Connections, routes, green corridors, edges, open space wedges:.	1.2B: Existing local landscape character and boundaries Open space, now and future. Protection; for trees, gardens etc and paving.	1.2C: Local character Green wedges and corridors Protection of open spaces; add new spaces. Renewal of ground treatment and street quality		
Built Quality of Small Towns and Villages	TOOLS: Histories, maps, drawings heritage surveys, Protected structures, urban character appraisal	TOOLS: Analytical drawings - landmarks, paths, edges, barriers, nodes, connections, development or protection areas, mixed use areas	TOOLS: Sustainable principles, Energy conservation; use of sunlight, shadowing, green planting, water and shelter to optimise outdoor climate		
2.1 Built form and uses	2.1A: Original settlement form, uses and thematic quality, public space. Stages in growth	2.1B: Evaluaton of built form, revitalisation, central sites for special buildings; addition of new familiar buildings n context	2.1C: Key language for sensitive development. Code/ design guidelines to fit local need. Preferred locations for special buildings. Backland and infill development		
2.2 Open spaces and activities	2.2A: Identification of diversity of space. Traditional activities: markets, performance, festivals, shops. institutions. List modern patterns: shopping, sport, etc	2.2B: Reduction of townscape clutter. Analysis of movement: Traffic calming, better access, connectivity for pedestrians, good parking. Enrich the range of occasional activities.	2.2C: Phased plan for street improvement: Regular tidy up, strategy for local heritage buildings. Local traffic calming, pedestrian priority. Recycling and waste policy		

12 Countries participate



England	France	Italy	Spain
Netherlands	Greece	Ireland	Hungary
Romany	Turkey	Serbia	Albania



Quality of Place







Castlepollard, ____Ireland





Lakes Razelm and Jurilovca, Romany







Building materials are rubbles, wood and sun dried bricks,

Houses are painted with yellow, purple and blue colors. Usually wooden parts are left unpainted.



The outher side of the houses, are surrounded with three meters high walls built of rubble stone and wood beams.

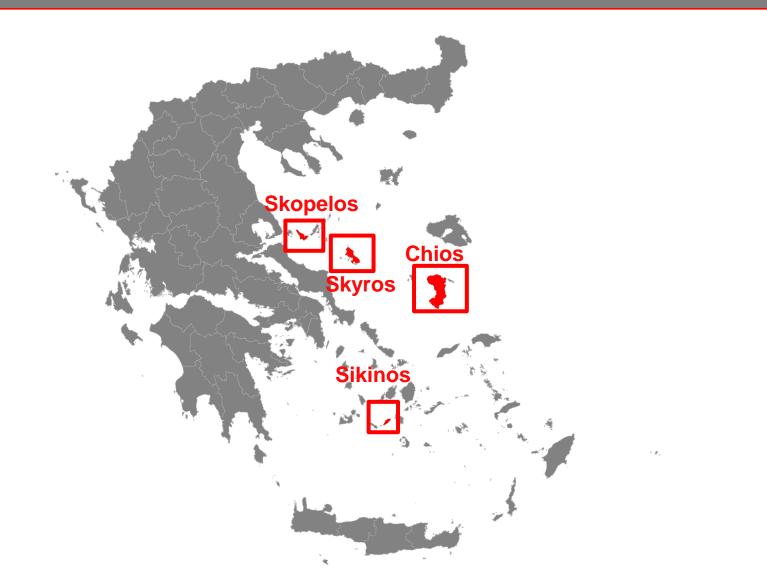


CUMALIKIZIK, TURKEY

Greek candidate areas









Sikinos Island, Greece







Mastichochoria , Chios Island, Greece





Conclusions



ENtopia Project:

- > should not be regarded as a competition but as a <u>process</u>
- > can raise local awareness about environmental and conservation issues
- > may prove an effective weapon for local authorities in order to obtain EU funding
- > will provide information to all Europeans and encourage them to visit our communities and settlements

Acknowledgements





ELLINIKI ETAIRIA

Hellenic Society for the Protection of the Environment and the Cultural Heritage



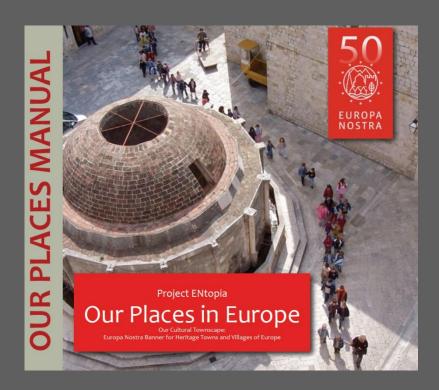
Sustainable Aegean Programme ELLINIKI ETAIRIA



John S. Latsis
Public Benefit Foundation

ENtopia Documents





http://issuu.com/europanostra/docs/entopia_manual





"What human beings need is not utopia ('no place'), but Entopia ('in place') ... a place which satisfies the dreamer and is acceptable to the scientist, a place where the projections of the artist and the Builder merge".

C. Doxiadis 'Ekistics', 1968

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Thank you for your attention!